**PQTO Reference Guide**

**Release 1.13**

**July 4th, 2023 (updated December 12, 2023)**

1. **PQTO.exe** is a quantity takeoff program, originally for IFC 2x3 files, developed by Marcelo E. Giacaglia, for academic use only. Professional use is not supported nor recommended, and at your own risk.
   1. the program does this in two stages: (1) from an IFC file to a set of CSV files, one for each Ifc Class; and (2) from the set of CSV files to quantities for building spaces and elements.
   2. Quantity takeoff for IFC 4 is provided from this release on, although not guaranteed by some BIM software vendors. Files set for release 2x3 must be overwritten by the corresponding release 4 files.
2. Some features are hard-coded while others can be customized

**2.1 What is hard-coded in Stage 1: conversion of IFC into a set of CSV files**

File sets listed in Table 1 must exist.

Table 1 – Required files

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| QTO-Accents.txt | At least one line must exist in this file, e.g., \X2\2082\X0\ &#x2082; 2  (refer to 2.1.1) |
|  |  |
| C2V-IfcClassList.txt as well as any file listed:  C2V-<ifcClass>.txt | (refer to 2.1.2) |
|  |  |

2.1.1 In an IFC (STEP format) file, special characters are coded as escaped Unicode.

PQTO has a functionality to convert from escaped Unicode to HTML coding on the first stage of its execution, in which the csv files will be generated with special characters coded as in HTML.

PQTO will convert these characters to the native code page when extracting data for quantity takeoff, in the second stage.

2.1.2 C2V-…txt files must be placed in the subfolder named **ifc2csv**.

2.1.3 **C2V-IfcCLassList.txt** lists IFC Classes that will be converted from the IFC BIModel file into a CSV file in the output set. Each line in the file represents a IFC Class and can have one or two words. The first is the actual Ifc Class name. The second exits were a Ifc Class is a subtype of a general class, and, thus inherits its data fields description.

For example: in the line, IfcBeam IfcBldgElement, IfcBeam is a particular Ifc Class and IfcBldgElement is a generalization of several Ifc classes. The purpose of such definition is to eliminate the need of a C2V-<ifcClass>.txt file for every class that shares the same fields.

2.1.4 Fields descriptions in each C2V-<ifcClass>.txt files consist of its name and one of the following types:

* text: a character string enclosed in single quotes
* numeric: numeric values, mostly floating-point values
* boolean: a enumeration of, either, .T or .F.
* cvalue: any of the above, preceded by a Ifc data type, and enclosed in parenthesis
* enumerated: a set of terms enclosed in periods (as for the Boolean type)
* id: reference to an instance of another Ifc Class
* idlist: a list of references to instances of another Ifc Class
* cidlist: a list of references to instances of more than one Ifc Class
* latlon: latitude or longitude data, enclosed in parenthesis

2.1.5 Field descriptions do not include the classes’ instance IDs, which are always present. All other fields must be listed.

**2.2 What is configurable (and to what extent) in Stage 1**

2.2.1. Ifc classes not listed in the C2V-IfcClassList.txt will not yield a CSV file, and will not be referenced in the id, idlist or cidlist fields of any CSV file generated. The inclusion of a Ifc Class in this file, and the corresponding C2V-<ifcClass>.txt, doesn’t guarantee that data for that class in the IFC file will generate quantity takeoff data. A minimum requirement is the existence of a corresponding QTO-<ifcClass>.txt for that class as well as other entries in other configuration files and the capacity of PQTO to read and process such data. Such inclusion should work for building element classes and their types.

2.2.2 In an IFC (STEP format) file, special characters are coded as escaped Unicode.

PQTO has a functionality to convert from escaped Unicode to HTML coding on the first stage of its execution, in which the csv files will be generated with special characters coded as HTML.

PQTO should convert these characters to the native code page when extracting data for quantity takeoff, in the second stage.

The corresponding Escape Coded - HTML - Final character table for each special character is in the QTO-Accents.txt file;

2.2.2.1 Currently, the QTO-Accents.txt is set is for Brazilian Portuguese.

2.2.2.2 \X2\2082\X0\ and &#x2082; are codes for subscript two, as in CO2;

2.2.2.3 Other elements can be added, for other languages, as well as modification to the existing elements, for specific Code Pages;

2.2.2.4 Compound terms must come before their individual letters (ÇÃ comes before Ç or Ã);

**2.3 What is hard-coded in Stage 2: Quantity Takeoff from the set of CSV files**

File sets listed in Table 2 must exist.

| Table 2 – Required files | |
| --- | --- |
| QTO-Accents.txt | At least one line must exist in this file, e.g., \X2\2082\X0\ &#x2082; 2  (refer to 2.4.1) |
|  |  |
| IfcProject.ifc IfcSite.csv IfcBuilding.csv IfcBuildingStorey.csv IfcSpace.csv as well as their configuration files:  QTO-<ifcClass>.txt |  |
|  |  |
| IfcRelAggregates.csv IfcRelContainedInSpatialStructure.csv IfcRelDefinesByProperties.csv IfcRelDefinesByType.csv as well as their configuration files:  QTO-<ifcClass>.txt |  |
|  |  |
| QTO-col-ifcBldgElementType.txt  QTO-col-ifcBldgElementQuantityArea.txt QTO-col-ifcBldgElementQuantityLength.txt QTO-col-ifcBldgElementQuantityVolume.txt QTO-col-BldgElementCommon.txt | (Refer to 2.2.5.1) (Refer to 2.2.5.2) (Refer to 2.2.5.3) (Refer to 2.2.5.4) (Refer to 2.2.5.8) |
|  |  |
| QTO-ifcElementQuantity.txt |  |
|  |  |
| QTO-BldgElementClasses.txt | (Refer to 2.2.2) |
|  |  |
| QTO-col-IfcZone.txt QTO-col-SpaceType.txt  QTO-col-IfcSpaceQuantityLength.txt QTO-col-IfcSpaceQuantityVolume.txt QTO-col-IfcSpaceQuantityArea.txt QTO-col-SpaceCommon.txt | (Refer to 2.2.6.1) (Refer to 2.2.6.2) (Refer to 2.2.6.3) (Refer to 2.2.6.4) (Refer to 2.2.6.5) (Refer to 2.2.6.8) |
|  |  |
| QTO-ifcQuantityArea.txt QTO-ifcQuantityLength.txt QTO-ifcQuantityVolume.txt |  |
|  |  |
| ifcQuantityArea.csv ifcQuantityLength.csv ifcQuantityVolume.csv ifcElementQuantity.csv | (Refer to 2.2.4.1)  (Refer to 2.2.4.1)  (Refer to 2.2.4.1)  (Refer to 2.2.4.1) |
|  |  |
| QTO-col-ifcBldgElementQuantitySynonyms.txt QTO-col-ifcSpaceQuantitySynonyms.txt | (Refer to 2.1.3) (Refer to 2.1.3) |
|  |  |
| IfcRelAssociatesClassification.csv ifcClassificationReference.csv QTO-ifcClassificationReference.txt QTO-col-IfcBldgElementClassification.txt QTO-col-IfcSpaceClassification.txt | (Refer to 2.2.4.2)  (Refer to 2.2.4.2)  (Refer to 2.1.3 and 2.2.8) (Refer to 2.2.8) |
|  |  |
| QTO-PSetsToRead.txt QTO-ifcPropertySingleValue.txt IfcPropertySet.csv fcRelDefinesByProperties.csv IfcPropertySingleValue.csv |  |
|  |  |
| Either  QTO-IfcZone.txt  QTO-IfcRelAssignsToGroup.txt  IfcZone.csv  IfcRelAssignsToGroup.csv  Or  IfcSpaceType.csv (\*1)  QTO-IfcSpaceType.txt | as in ArchiCAD (Graphisoft) |

(\*1) Refer to 2.1.2

2.3.1 Configuration files, such as QTO-<ifcClass>.txt and QTO-col-<ifcClass>.txt, must reside in the same folder as PQTO.exe

And all data files, i.e., \*.csv files, must reside in the same folder as the selected project for building element and space data extraction, ifcProject.csv

2.3.2 IfcSpaceType will only be read if IfcZone.csv and IfcRelAssignsToGroup.csv are not generated from the IFC model exported by the BIM Software. Otherwise, even if present, the file will be skipped as well as its contents.

2.3.3 **Important:** text files can be in UTF-8 or ANSI coding, but if there are accented letters, the file must be saved in ANSI coding, otherwise accented characters will not be interpreted correctly and the software will either not return the desired results or even crash.

QTO-col-ifcBldgElementQuantitySynonyms.txt and QTO-col-ifcSpaceQuantitySynonyms.txt, currently carry Brazilian Portuguese synonyms for English property names exported by some BIM software in Brazilian language implementations. These must be saved in ANSI.

The same for QTO-Accents.txt and QTO-col-IfcBldgElementClassification.txt.

**2.4 What is configurable (and to what extent) in Stage 2**

2.4.1 In an IFC (STEP format) file, special characters are coded as escaped Unicode.

PQTO has a functionality to convert from escaped Unicode to HTML coding on the first stage of its execution, in which the csv files will be generated with special characters coded as in HTML.

PQTO should convert these characters to the native code page when extracting data for quantity takeoff, in the second stage.

2.4.2 Building elements are those listed in the QTO-BldgElementClasses.txt, along with their Type or Style, and a flag that indicates that only one style or type file is to be read (when there are classes that share the same type).

2.4.2.1 A warning will be included on the on-screen data input Log, for any file listed in QTO‑BldgElementClasses.txt and not present in the csv file set;

2.4.2.2 Other building elements can be added to the list file, provided their structure is roughly the same as the above listed elements;

2.4.2.3 Two or more building element classes can share the same type, e.g., IfcWallType is the same for IfcWall and, its specialization, IfcWallStandardCase;

2.4.3 Configuration files QTO-<ifcClass>.txt list the fields in the corresponding <ifcClass>.csv file;

Field names are proceeded by two parameters: Field used and Field type, separated by a blank character

2.4.3.1 Field used is either: T or F, respectively True or False;

2.4.3.2 Field types are listed in Table 3.

Table 3 – Field Types

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| XX | a field that will be loaded, but not processed for any purpose |
| ID | a unique identifier for a row - necessary for data processing within PQTO, but will never be displayed or output by the program |
| VC | will be displayed as a column heading, and their corresponding values on subsequent rows |
| 1L | reference to another <ifcClass> and a single corresponding ID - necessary for association mapping between <ifcClass>es |
| mL | reference to another <ifcClass> and a set of corresponding IDs |
| sL | reference to a set of <ifcClasses> and each one's set of corresponding IDs |
| AT | content is not a value but a field name for a corresponding value, marked as of type VA |
| VA | will be displayed as a value for the column heading field defined as of type AT |

2.4.3.3 example, for QTO-IfcSite.txt:

|  |
| --- |
| T ID ID |
| F VC GlobalId |
| F XX OwnerHistory |
| T VC Name |
| T VC Description |
| F VC ObjectType |
| F XX ObjectPlacement |
| F XX Representation |
| T VC LongName |
| F VC CompositionType |
| F VC RefLatitude |
| F VC RefLongitude |
| F VC RefElevation |
| F VC LandTitleNumber |
| F VC SiteAdress |

2.4.3.4 example, for QTO-IfcRelAggregates.txt:

|  |
| --- |
| F ID ID |
| F XX GlobalId |
| F XX OwnerHistory |
| F XX Name |
| F XX Description |
| T 1L RelatingObject |
| T mL RelatedObjects |

2.4.3.5 example, for QTO-IfcSlab.txt:

|  |
| --- |
| T ID ID |
| F VC GlobalId |
| F XX OwnerHistory |
| T VC Name |
| T VC Description |
| F VC ObjectType |
| F XX ObjectPlacement |
| XX Representation |
| F VC Tag |
| T VC PredefinedType |

2.4.3.6 example, for QTO-ifcQuantityArea.txt:

|  |
| --- |
| T ID ID |
| T AT Name |
| F VC Description |
| F VC Unit |
| T VA AreaValue |

2.4.3.7 Fields of the type ID, 1L, mL, sL, AT and VA cannot be changed on the provided configuration files -If changed, the software won't function properly;

2.4.3.8 Fields of the type XX cannot be changed, and their field used must remain as F;

2.4.3.9 Fields whose field used is marked as F, and having a field type VC, could be set to T;

but shouldn't be changed, because the software wasn't tested extensively for this, and output files would have a great number of columns that would be either empty or not relevant;

2.4.3.10 Field order in the configuration file corresponds to physical order on the corresponding csv file and must not be altered;

If altered, the software won't function properly;

2.4.4 Exceptions (existence is not mandatory)

2.4.4.1 While configuration files QTO-IfcElementQuantity.txt, QTO-ifcQuantityArea.txt, QTO‑ifcQuantityLength.txt, and QTO-ifcQuantityVolume.txt are mandatory,

Lack of any of the corresponding IfcElementQuantity.csv, IfcQuantityArea.csv, IfcQuantityLength.csv, IfcQuantityVolume.csv data files, will produce a warning on-screen data input Log, and quantities for building spaces and elements takeoffs may be generated, but not from these files (but, from ifcPropertySet.csv and ifcPropertySingleValue.csv files);

2.4.4.2 While configuration file QTO-ifcClassificationReference.txt is mandatory,

Lack of IfcRelAssociatesClassification.csv and fcClassificationReference.csv data files, will produce a warning on-screen data input Log, and information classification data may be generated, but not from these files (but, from ifcPropertySet.csv and ifcPropertySingleValue.csv files – not yet implemented);

For non-English BIM software versions some property values may be written in its native language. Current pack is provided with the English version and the Brazilian Portuguese version, to be saved as QTO-ifcClassificationReference.txt:

* QTO-col-IfcBldgElementClassification - US.txt
* QTO-col-IfcBldgElementClassification - BR.txt

2.4.5 Configuration files QTO-col-IfcBldgElementQuantity<measurement>.txt and QTO‑col‑BldgElementType.txt, lists fields that are not displayed on screen grids but will be present on quantity takeoff listings

2.4.5.1 Type data fields for building elements, listed in QTO-col-IfcBldgElementType.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| Name |
| PredefinedType |
| ConstructionType |
| OperationType |

2.4.5.2 Area quantity fields for building elements, listed in QTO-col-IfcBldgElementQuantityArea.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| GrossArea |
| NetArea |
| Area |
| GrossFootPrintArea |
| NetFootPrintArea |
| GrossSideArea |
| NetSideArea |
| NetSurfaceAreaExtrudedSides |
| CrossSectionArea |
| OuterSurfaceArea |
| TotalSurfaceArea |
| GrossSurfaceArea |
| NetSurfaceArea |

2.4.5.3 Length quantity fields for building elements, listed in QTO‑col‑IfcBldgElementQuantityLength.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| Length |
| Height |
| Width |
| Depth |
| Perimeter |

2.4.5.4 Volume quantity fields for building elements, listed in QTO‑col‑IfcBldgElementQuantityVolume.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| GrossVolume |
| Volume |
| NetVolume |

2.4.5.5 Fields for quantity measurements can be added to each list or removed, provided there is at least one;

2.4.5.6 The above listed Field names for quantity measurements correspond to values of AT field types, as defined in the configuration files:

QTO-ifcQuantityArea.txt, QTO-ifcQuantityLength.txt, and QTO-ifcQuantityVolume.txt;

2.4.5.7 Some building element files carry the same (or it could be similar) field(s) in their corresponding Type or Style data file;

There is a recommendation that the redundant class field only be used when its corresponding type is not defined or has no value attributed to it;

PQTO.exe will display both fields, as originally configured (see examples bellow), regardless the case;

2.4.5.7.1 If desired, suppression of an element type attribute in its own data file, by changes to the corresponding configuration file, e.g., for slabs:

|  |
| --- |
| T ID ID |
| F VC GlobalId |
| F XX OwnerHistory |
| T VC Name |
| T VC Description |
| F VC ObjectType |
| F XX ObjectPlacement |
| F XX Representation |
| F VC Tag |
| F VC PredefinedType (originally T VC PredefinedType) |

2.4.5.7.2 The opposite (although not recommended) can be done in IfcSlabType.txt file, by editing settings for PredefinedType, from T VC to F VC:

|  |
| --- |
| T ID ID |
| F VC GlobalId |
| F XX OwnerHistory |
| T VC Name |
| F VC Description |
| F XX ApplicableOccurrence |
| T sL HasPropertySets |
| F XX RepresentationMaps |
| F VC Tag |
| F VC ElementType |
| F VC PredefinedType (originally T VC PredefinedType) |

2.4.5.8 Building elements’ Common properties, listed in QTO-col-BldgElementCommon.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| IsExternal |
| LoadBearing |

2.4.5.9 Weight and ComplexPhysical quantity measurements are not currently supported;

2.4.5.10 Listing of materials for building elements, and quantities and materials for parts of building elements are not currently supported.

2.4.6 Configuration files QTO-col-IfcSpaceQuantityArea.txt, QTO-col-IfcSpaceQuantityLength.txt, QTO‑col-IfcSpaceQuantityVolume.txt and QTO-col-SpaceElementType.txt,

lists fields that are not displayed but will be present on quantity takeoff listings

2.4.6.1 Zone data field for building spaces, listed in QTO-col-IfcZone.txt

2.4.6.2 Type data field for building spaces, listed in QTO-col-SpaceType.txt, is:

Name

2.4.6.3 Examples of Area quantity fields for building spaces, listed in QTO-col-SpaceQuantityArea.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| GrossFloorArea |
| NetFloorArea |
| GrossCeilingArea |
| NetCeilingArea |
| GrossWallArea |
| NetWallArea |
| Area (for ifcPropetySet\*) |

2.4.6.4 Examples of Length quantity fields for building spaces, listed in QTO-col-SpaceQuantityLength.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| Height |
| FinishCeilingHeight |
| FinishFloorHeight |
| ClearHeight |
| GrossPerimeter |
| NetPerimeter |
| Perimiter (for ifcPropertySet\*) |
| Unbounded Height (for ifcPropertySet\*) |

\*Refer to 2.2.7

2.4.6.5 Examples of Volume quantity fields for building spaces, listed in QTO-col-SpaceQuantityVolume.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| GrossVolume |
| NetVolume |
| Volume (for ifcPropertySet\*) |

\*Refer to 2.2.7

2.4.6.6 Fields for quantity measurements can be added to each list or removed, provided there is at least one;

2.4.6.7 The above listed Field names for quantity measurements correspond to values of AT field types, as defined in the configuration files:

QTO-ifcQuantityArea.txt, QTO-ifcQuantityLength.txt, and QTO-ifcQuantityVolume.txt.

2.4.6.8 Spaces’ Common properties, listed in QTO-col-SpaceCommon.txt, are:

|  |
| --- |
| IsExternal |

2.4.7 There are quantities that can /should be extracted from ifcPropertySet, depending on the BIM authoring software used. The property sets to look for are listed in the file **QTO‑PSetsToRead.txt**, for example:

|  |
| --- |
| Dimensions |
| Other |
| Data |
| Identity Data |
| Cotas |
| Outros |
| Dados |
| Dados de identidade |
| Pset\_BeamCommon |
| Pset\_ColumnCommon |
| Pset\_CurtainWallCommon |
| Pset\_DoorCommon |
| Pset\_FootingCommon |
| Pset\_RailingCommon |
| PSet\_RoofCommon |
| Pset\_SlabCommon |
| Pset\_SpaceCommon |
| Pset\_StairCommon |
| Pset\_StairFlightCommon |
| Pset\_WallCommon |
| Pset\_WindowCommon |

2.4.7.1 Note that for foreign languages installations, terminology will vary, as shown above: ‘Cotas’ ≡ ‘Dimensions’, ‘Outros’ ≡ ‘Other’, ‘Dados’ ≡ ‘Data’ and ‘Dados de identidade’ ≡ ‘Identity Data’;

\*2.4.7.2 Only single value properties listed in:

* QTO-col-IfcBldgElementQuantityArea.txt
* QTO-col-IfcBldgElementQuantityLength.txt
* QTO-col-IfcBldgElementQuantityVolume.txt
* QTO-col-BuildingElementCommon.txt
* QTO-col-SpaceQuantityArea.txt
* QTO-col-SpaceQuantityLength.txt
* QTO-col-SpaceQuantityVolume.txt

, will be accounted for;

2.4.8 QTO-col-IfcSpaceClassification.txt contents are context dependable

For example, if the BIM software is Revit (from AutoDesk) and Omni Class Table 13 are to be used then, QTO‑col‑IfcSpaceClassification ‑ OmniClass.txt is to be copied as QTO‑col‑IfcSpaceClassification.txt.

Otherwise, Table 4A from the Brazilian standard NBR-15.965 has been used, whatever BIM software, QTO-col-IfcSpaceClassification.txt is the same as QTO-col-IfcSpaceClassification ‑ NBR.txt.

Note: due to antonyms in Revit (from Autodesk) implementations, Omniclass table 13 and NBR 15.965 table 4A cannot be used concurrently (as cab be inferred from the comparison of the contents of both file versions).

**Appendix A** – Ifc Classes and Relationships among classes (processed in PQTO)

The IFC STEP format file is converted in stage one as a collection of tables, as in the Relational Database Model. Step one will create a table for each class in the C2V-IfcClassList.txt configuration file, e.g., Project, Site, Building, Building-Storey, Space, and, for each Building element class. These files contain attribute values for instances within each class.

There are however, attributes that are common to many instances as well as relationships among instances of different classes, e.g., the building storey of a space. Any class whose begins with ‘IfcRel’ are relationship classes, but there are others that do not.

A list with a brief description of the relationship classes processed in PQTO follows.

IfcRelAggregates

For elements within an aggregation. Examples are the sites that make up a Project, the buildings and spaces that make up a Site, the spaces that make up a Building, as well as any part of a building element that is modeled as a building element.



IfcRelAssignsToGroup

For elements within a composition. Examples are the association of a building space to a zone in a zoning system.



IfcRelAssociatesClassification

For associations of an element to a classification system, such as Omniclass (US), Uniclass (UK), ABNT NBR 15.965 (Brazil).



IfcRelContainedInSpatialStructure

For elements contained in a spatial structure, e.g., the building storey of reference of each building element.



IfcRelDefinesByProperties

For sets of common properties and their values for instances of elements of a class.



IfcElementQuantity

Used for base quantities of type Area, Length, Volume (among others).



IfcPropertySet

Used for properties defined through property sets, that are common to a class or to the type of that class.



IfcRelDefinesByType

The type of building elements or spaces. The association of an element instance to a type instance is a means for generalization of property values shared by a subset of instances of a class.



On step two, PQTO will navigate through these relationships to explicitly indicate these associations in the basic quantities extraction tables, one for building spaces instances and the other for building elements instances.